

# Business Innovation through Circular Economy training

Timisoara | 21,22,25 Nov 2019

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# **Outline of TRAINING**

Content & training blocks

- How to identify worthwhile CE approaches Circular economy opportunities incl. climate impact Block #01 & #02 (Nov 21)
- How to develop worthwhile CE approaches into realistic action plans

*Process, product and business model incl. collaboration & system relationships* 

Block #03 & #04 (Nov 22)

 How to make a success from worthwhile CE approaches Change management for CE Block #05 & #06 (Nov 25)

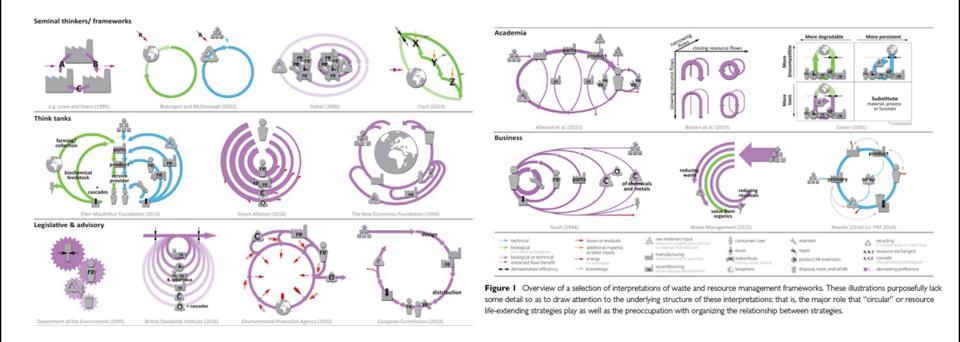




# What is Circular Economy (CE)?



# Circular Economy is...



SOURCE: Blomsma and Brennan (2017)



### CE is an umbrella concept





# Why is Circular Economy needed?

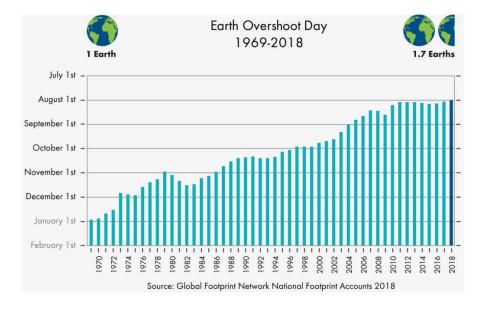
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### Facts & figures

#### In 2018, global earth overshoot day was on August 1st

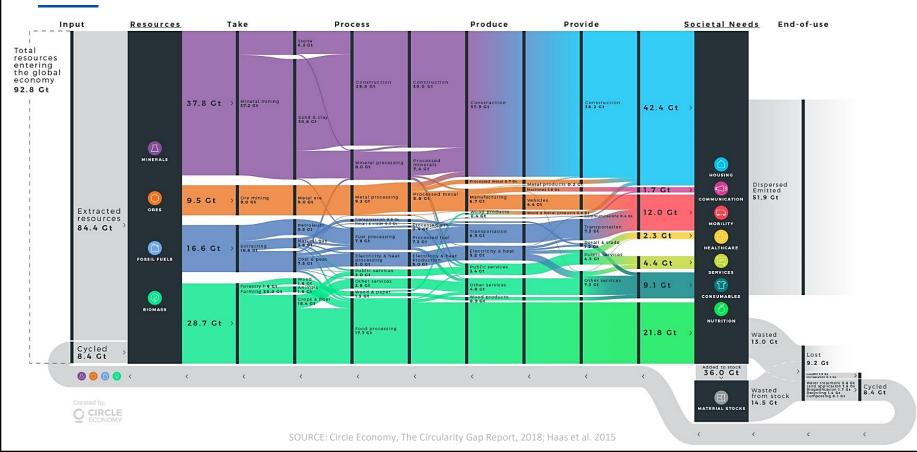


#### Country Overshoot Days 2018 When would Earth Overshoot Day land if the world's population lived like...





### Our economy is currently only 9% circular





# Why is Circular Economy attractive for businesses?

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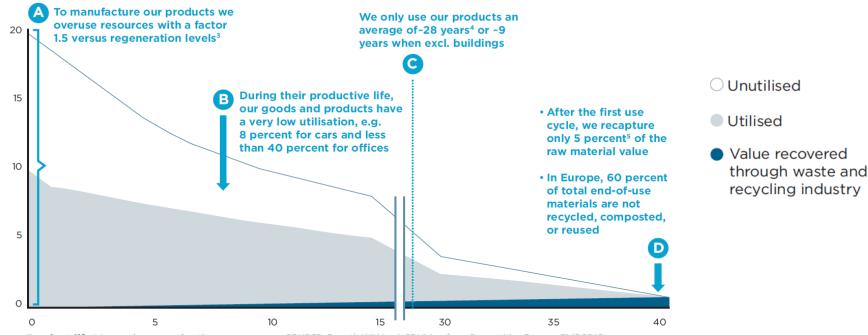


## CE provides opportunities

Order of magnitude of CE improvement potential

### Value loss of selected manufactured goods across the EU economy

Value of manufactured products, % of GDP, EU, 2012



Product life Years since production

SOURCE: Growth Within: A CE Vision for a Competitive Europe. EMF 2015.



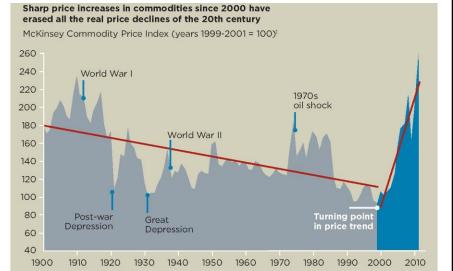
# CE provides opportunities

### Also potential for:

- Guarding against price increases and fluctuations
   Walter Stahel: "The goods of today are the resources of tomorrow at yesterday's resource prices".
- Guarding against supply risks

*Resource nationalism, disruption through more extreme weather* 

- Ensuring continued 'license to operate' Radical openness means increased customer/consumer scrutiny
- Keeping up or staying ahead of regulatory trends Increasingly stringent laws & regulations for emissions, Environmental Permitting Regulations, eco-design directive, etc.



1 Based on arithmetic average of 4 commodity sub-indices: food, non-food agricultural items, metals, and energy; 2011 prices based on average of first eight months of 2011.

SOURCE: cirilii and Yang; Pfaffenzeller; World Bank; International Monetary Fund; Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development statistics; UN Food and Agriculture Organization; UN Comtrade; Ellen MacArthur Foundation circular economy team



# CE provides opportunities

Also potential for:

Opening of new markets

CE creates **new value creation systems** and thus new markets. **Adapting** to those markets or even **creating** them, the comany secures **future revenues**.

### Intensification of customer relations

Business models of the CE **enhance customer contact** on a recurring basis. This increases customer **retention** and allows for the company to collect **valuable information** about users behaviour better than any market research could ever muster.

 Added value through strong partnerships
 In the CE, everybody seeks cooperation with other valueproviding market participants qua system. This is the foundation for strong and powerful collaborations.

### Stronger brand image

*CE* encourage the strengthening of **secondary markets**. Companies can seize the opportunity to **support and control** those and therewith foster the brand image.

### Improved competitiveness

*All listed arguments,* in conjunction with a *resource value-preserving manner* of product manufacture helps to improve and secure the companies competitiveness.

### Strong corporate identity

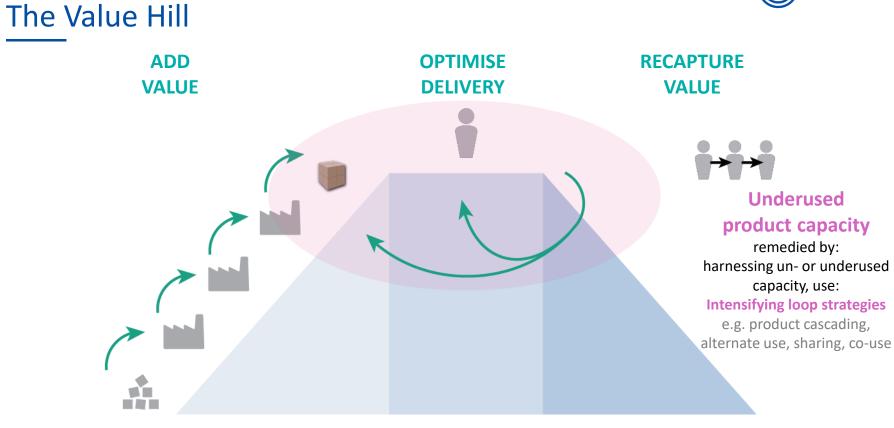
The CE saves resources and secures our economic future and wealth. As pioneer in that development, companies give their clients as well as their employees a mission, they can and might want to stand for.



# How to detect worthwhile circular economy approaches?

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# PRE-USE forward supply chain

USE consumer/ user POST USE end-of-use and end-of life



#### The Value Hill ADD **OPTIMISE** RECAPTURE VALUE **DELIVERY** VALUE å. Underused particle capacity remedied by: more use from substances through controlled transformations, use: **Extending loop strategies** e.g. substance cascading, PRE-USE USE POST USE downcycling, waste-to-energy forward supply chain consumer/ user end-of-use and end-of life



# The 'Big Five' Structural Wastes



Excess or harmful use remedied by: do without, use less or use benign substances 5. Preventative strategies e.g. refuse, efficiency, non-toxicity

Waste

Adapted from: Blomsma (2018)



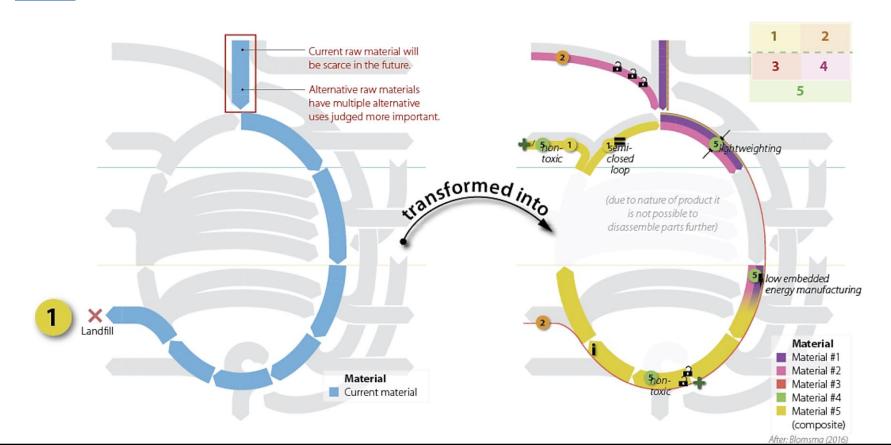
# Introduction to the Circularity Compass

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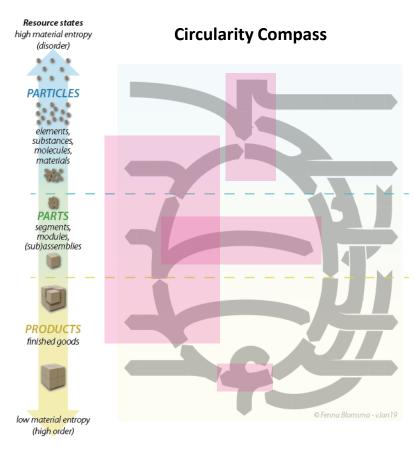


### How can we use the Compass?





#### **Current issues (examples):**



**Downcycling** (i.e. using high value materials for low value applications)

Waste of high value materials

### **Dependency on non-renewables**

Generating high-impact

### Wrong reuse of parts

- E.g. cannibalization or parts harvesting
- For resale and use in other vehicles
- Selective reuse only

### Idle time

Cars are parked 92-98% of the time

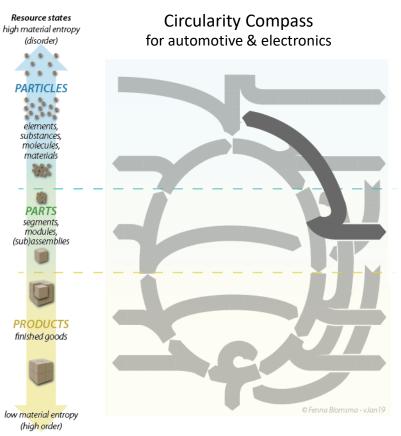


# System example including various company cases

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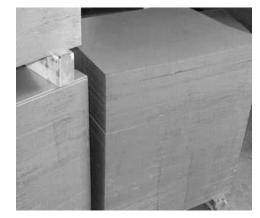




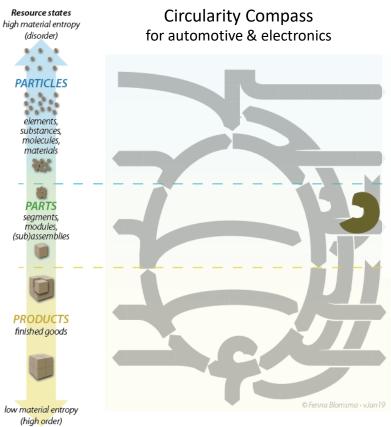


### Off-cuts -> new raw material / parts Abbey Steel

- Buying off-cuts from car manufacturers
- Recycling without re-melting (less energy)
- Regular shape cuts sold as (noncritical) small parts to other companies (e.g. electrical connectors and shelving)
- Financially sustainable business, could grow







### **Circular supply of cutting machine fluids** Renault & cutting machine Supplier

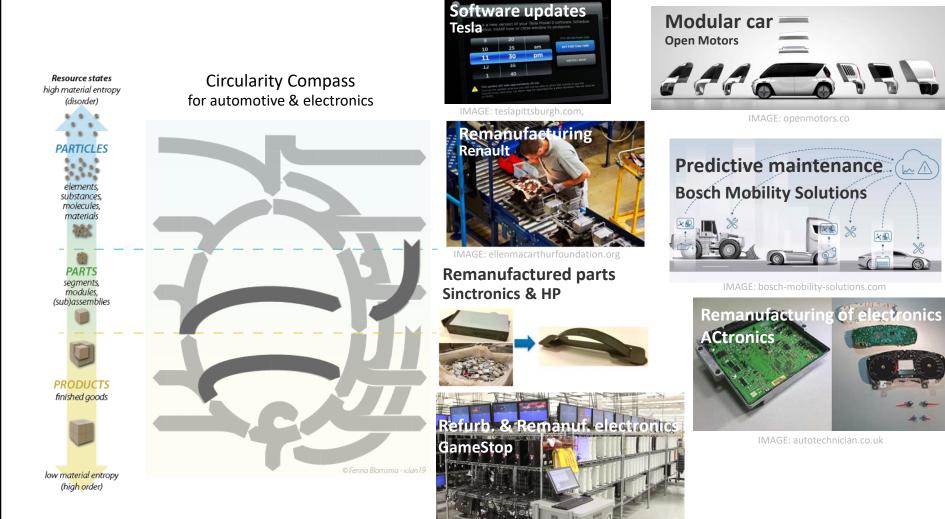
- Materials as a Service, machines and fluid ownership and service were transferred
  - **Renault:** less support activities, reduced its TOC by 33%
  - Supplier: forced to innovate fluid formula and process -> durable fluid x12, improved its margin by 125%

### Circular supply of cutting tools Seco Tools

- Free-of-charge return of used tools (containing rare metals, e.g. tungsten)
- Critical material in pure streams of high quality, when recycling

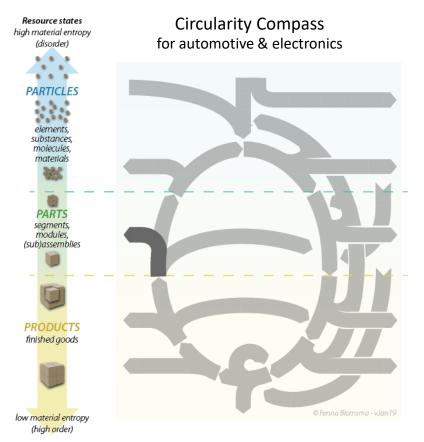






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#### **Cascading of parts** Nissan and Sumitomo

- World's first large-scale power storage
- A second life for electric car batteries (70-80% used): grid support, power supply applications, power operated applications
  - Estimated market potential: USD 8 17 billion by 2030





# Map the system and identify structural waste



# Using the tools

An overview of the exercise

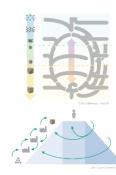
- Four steps:
  - 1. Map resource flows

2. 'Waste hunt'

3. Identify suitable circular strategies

4. Organise circular strategies









# Understanding the dynamics of circular systems

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Type	
	tight

Waste from one 'Open loop' **Highly networked** exchanges. cascading. process -> support process. Waste from one **Circulation facilitated** Cascading through direct exchange by partnerships. process -> different process. between org's. Waste from one Manuf. directly Cascading within single organisation. engages with endprocess -> the same process. users for circulation.



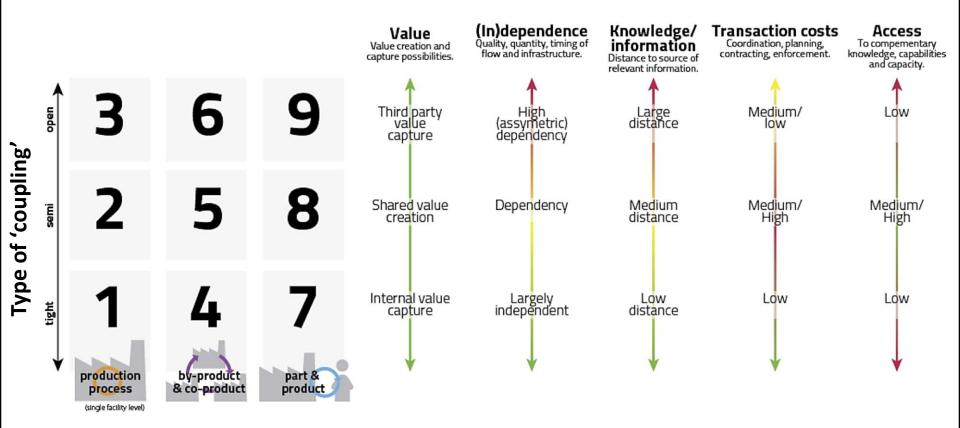




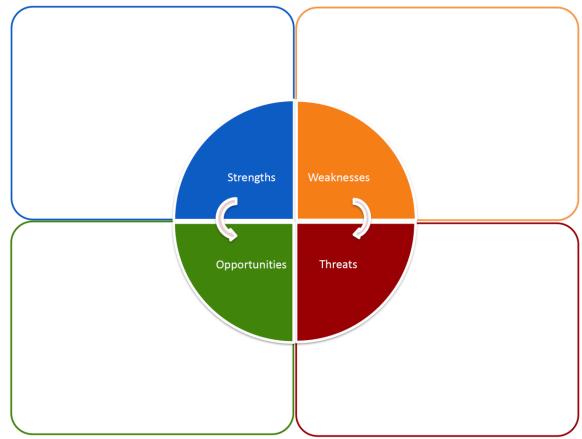


## EXERCISE Place your fictional case on the Circularity Grid

# Keeping in mind...



# 2. Do a SWOT Analysis





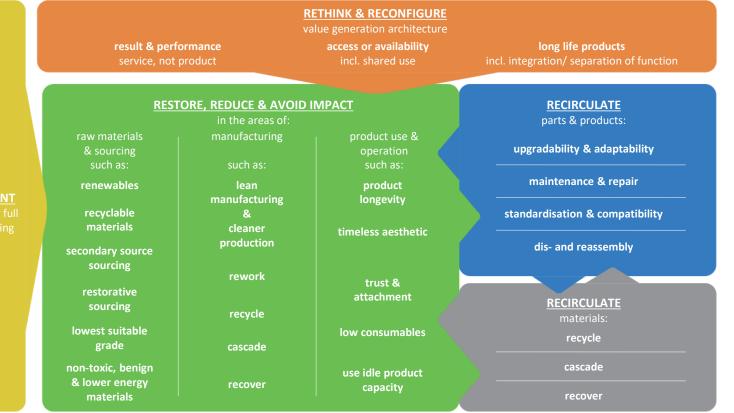
# Eco-design: processes & product, business model and paradigm redesign

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#### **Circular Strategy Scanner**

- Eco-design version -



REINVEN strive for fu decouplin

Paradigm redesign

SOURCE: Blomsma et al. (in review)



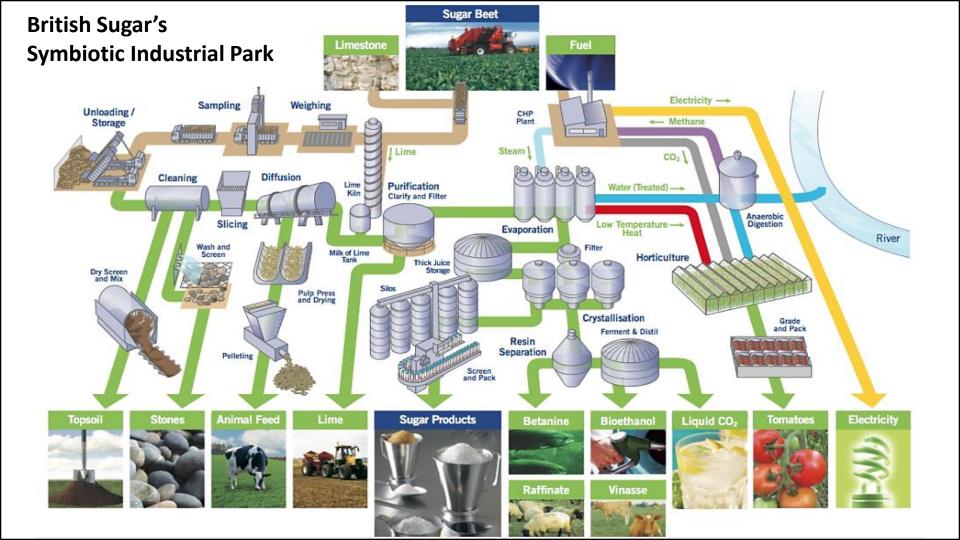
# The story of British Sugar

How good Ecodesign hits many birds with one stone

- Recirculation of removed soil and stone from cleaning process into construction sector
- Recirculation of **lime** used to purify sugar into agriculture industry (used to correct soil acidification
- Recirculation of **food-grade CO2 emission** into industrial refrigeration processes
- Recirculation of other CO2 emission and waste heat into a salad and tomato greenhouse in the neighborhood of the plant (extra build for that)







## The story of Loop/TerraCycle

New zero-waste platform – experiments in New York City and Paris will start soon

Loop is a **circular shopping platform** that transforms **packaging** from everyday essentials **from single-use disposable to durable, feature-packed designs**.

Loop hygienically **cleans and sanitizes** the returned packaging, so they are ready for reuse, instead of ending up as waste after a single use.

The concept will be **tested with a few brands** and in two major cities. Partners are companies like Unilever.

If it is successful, it **could be a paradigm shift** for the packaging sector.

#### https://loopstore.com

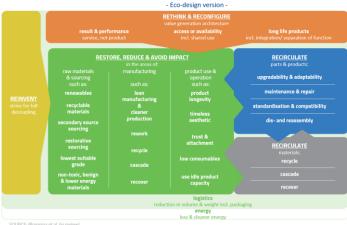


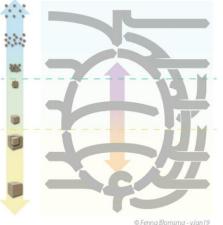
# (Re)design your product, process and business model

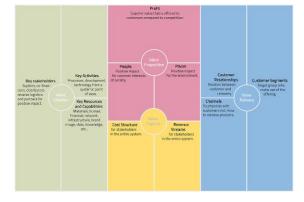


## (Re)design your product, process and business model

#### **Circular Strategy Scanner**







Discuss & Fill **40 mins** 



## How to make CE approaches successful

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PESTLE



Structured tool to analyze the <u>internal</u> and <u>external factors</u> that impact the macro environment of a system.

Each of these factors imply certain changes, risks and opportunities.

Some of these factors are <u>out of control</u> ...or seem to be.





## **P&L in PESTLE - the EU CE package**

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### EU Circular Economy Package

 In January 2018, as part of a shift towards a circular economy, the European Commission adopted a new set of regulations

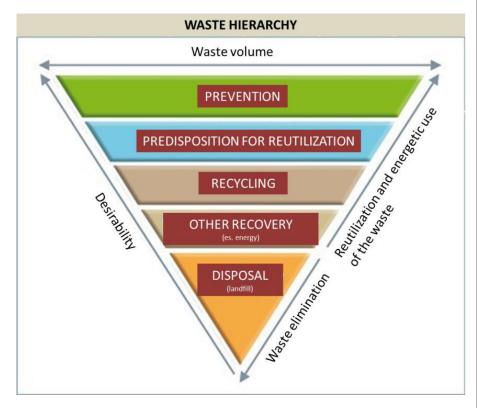


- These <u>include</u>:
  - new *waste management targets* regarding reuse, recycling and landfilling
  - strengthening provisions on *waste prevention* and *extended producer responsibility*
  - streamlining *definitions, reporting obligations and calculation methods* for targets
- Additionally, the new EU Strategy for Plastics in the Circular Economy states that by 2030, all plastics packaging should be recyclable



#### EU CE Package: Overview

- CE Package contributes to the overarching legislation, the 2008 Waste Framework
   Directive, which defines main waste management concepts:
  - 'Polluter pays principle' ensuring that the costs of preventing, controlling and cleaning up pollution are reflected in the cost of goods
  - 'Waste hierarchy' a priority order set among waste prevention and management options
  - 'End-of-waste status' when waste ceases to be waste after recovery



## **EU CE Action Plan**



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Among others:

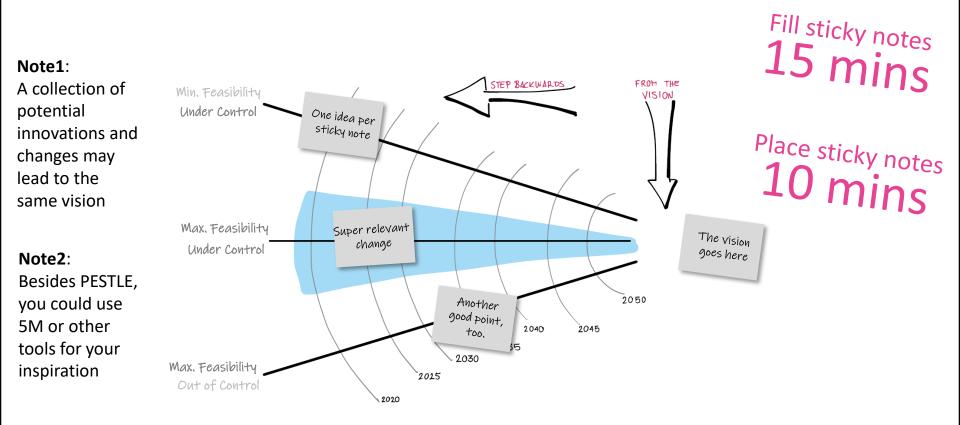
- Covers <u>all phases</u> of the **product life cycle**!
- Involves all legislative and political means
- Introduces and strengthens enablers, such as <u>innovation</u> or <u>investment</u>
- Tackles <u>market barriers</u> in specific sectors or <u>material streams</u>
- Supports SMEs and business opportunities
- Addresses the sustainable consumption
- Improves Green Public Procurement
- Supports the creation of (local) jobs



## EXERCISE Radar for CHANGES: travel from the future



### Backcasting I: travel from the future



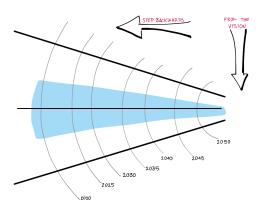


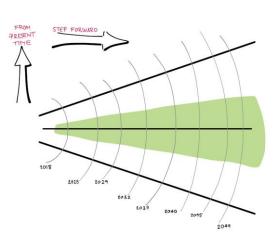
## EXERCISE Radar for ACTIONS: travel from the present



#### Backcasting II: travel from the present

'Radar for Changes' Travel from the future Block #05

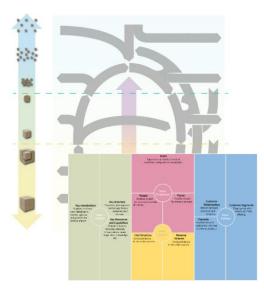




'Radar for Actions'

'Travel from the present'







# What's next? ... The Lean Startup Cycle

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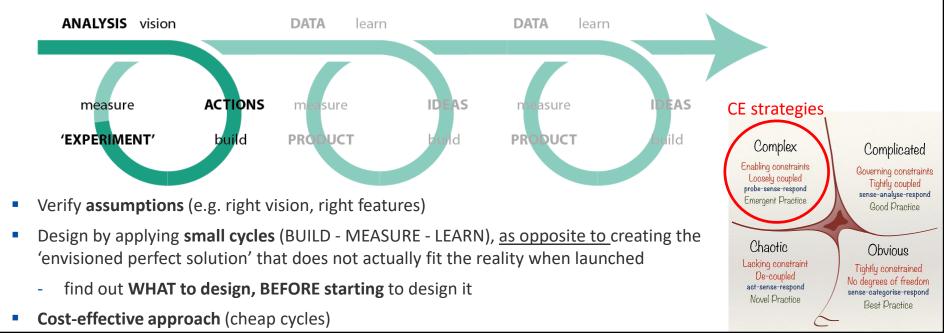


### The Lean Startup Cycle (LSC)

Experimentation (under extreme uncertainty):

#### It's all about learning and doing and learning and doing and learning...

-> Validated experimenting (probe), learning (sense) and decision-making (respond)!





## EXERCISE Conceptualize your experiment

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## The Lean Startup Cycle (LSC)

#### Create an experiment

Have fun!

(c) Make a decision: pivot or persevere -> Describe what you depect to learn from the metrics.

#### DATA learn measure case example iDEAS PRODUCT build

What is your leap of faith's assumption?
 what makes or breaks your business?
 Use the following questions as prompt'.

one the provide previous an account?. The provide previous constraints and the providence that you have the problem, that you are trying to solve? The sense where a solve? The there where a solve? The there where a solve providence the problem, would then long leng term would then long it from you? Can you have a solve on for these problem?

(R) General

Define your value/growth hypothesis

 in many cases, we test the value importnesis prior to
the growth importnesis.

4) Experiment with your MVP

5) Validated learning: Measure the customers

-> Describe, increases want to validate your learnings. What bind of costomer indyaviour do you measure in order to test your inspetitiosis? And your do you.

mansure it? Romember: Key renformance

Induiators (KYI) can be quantitutive and

auditative. So: what could your motries look like?

beingviour with your WIVP

 $\sim$  Describe the environment/discuss that makes you create for year austoniars, is which they can use your Myr. How do they use it? How do they use it? How do which the discharge approximate, and which do they larm from it? And lass the setting allow you to larm dowith, which you wish to larm from it?

#### 3) Build a Minimum Vialole Product (WVP)

> Describe, what bind of Whyt yea would initial what could year Whyt look first Whyt can it, als? What can year customer als with it? Renember: year Whyt has to evaluate year inspections and allow year to draw learnings from the steprime.

Discuss & Conceptualize **25 mins**  An experiment for your fictional case:

- **Conceptualize** your experiment:
  - What would put your <u>value</u> & <u>growth</u> hypotheses (one or more) to test?
  - What could your Minimal Viable
     Product look like?
  - What metrics would tell you <u>reliably</u>, if your hypothesis is <u>true</u> and/or <u>what you</u> <u>have to change</u> to fit your product to reality and your business goals?



## **Closing of the training**

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## References for further support (1)

- **GENERAL** (including good practices from automotive and electronics industries):
  - Ellen MacArthur Foundation: <u>https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org</u>
  - Circular Economy Practitioner Guide: <u>https://www.ceguide.org</u>
  - Circular Economy Club: https://www.circulareconomyclub.com
- ROMANIA:
  - Environmental Fund Administration (includes: wreck programs for home appliances and cars, photovoltaic panels program w. energy sale, EV recharge stations, taxes and contributions e.g. for packaging, validated waste collectors and recyclers, validated WEEE replacement operators, waste management educational program): <a href="https://www.afm.ro">https://www.afm.ro</a>

**Note**: The Environmental Fund Administration is main institution that provides financial support for the implementation of environmental protection projects and programs set up in accordance with the European principles of "polluter pays" and "producer responsibility".



# Now... CE journey starts!